

XAIS

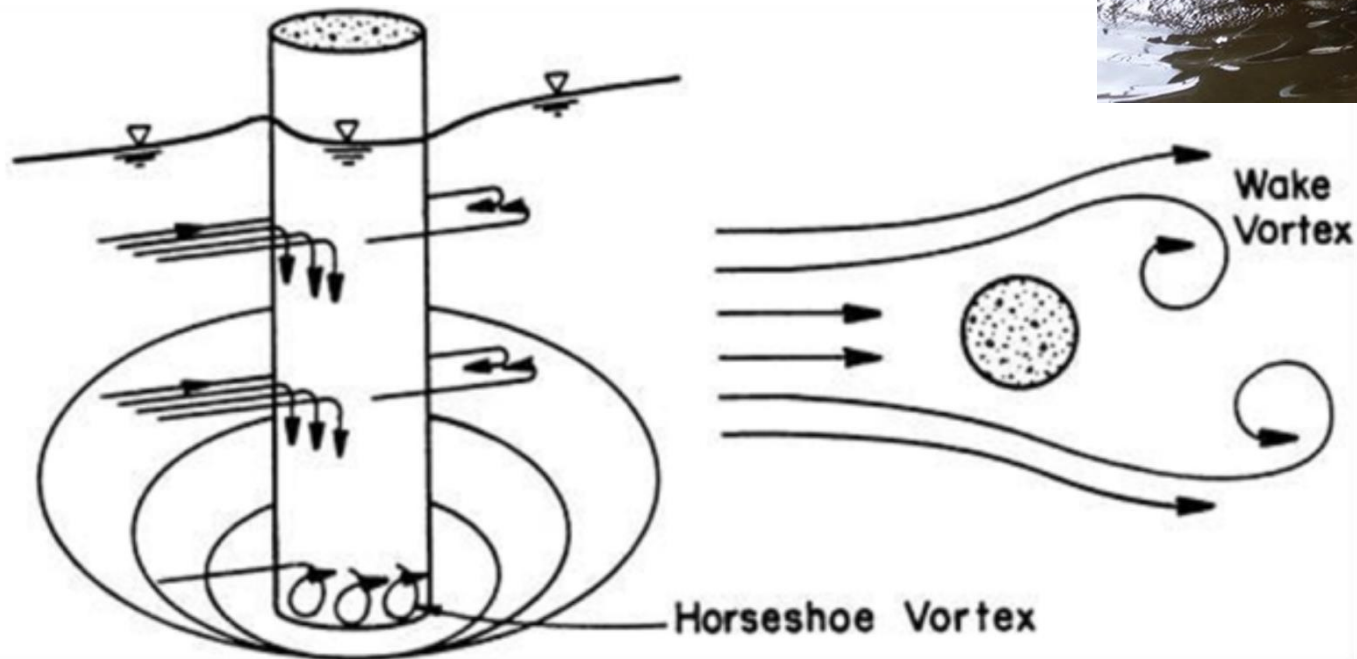
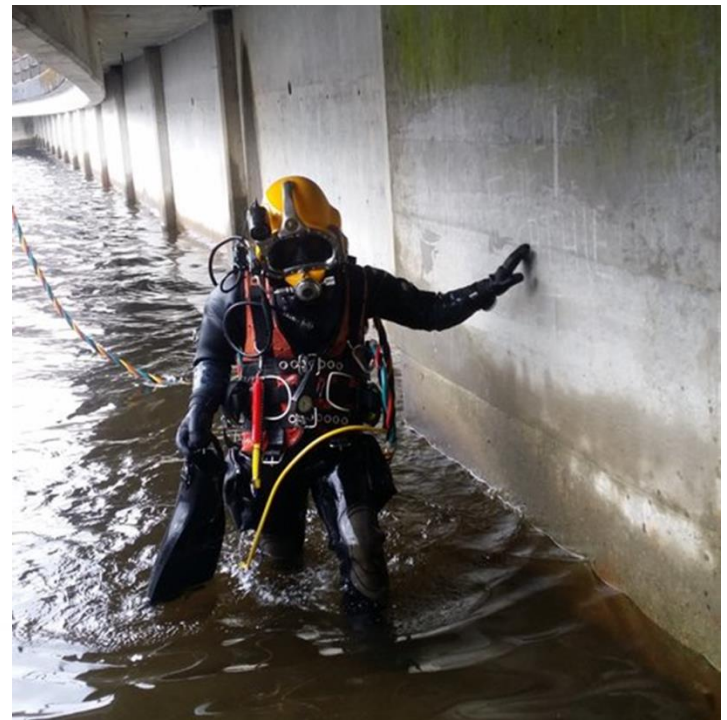
Asset Management Solutions

**Developments in measuring
SCOUR!**

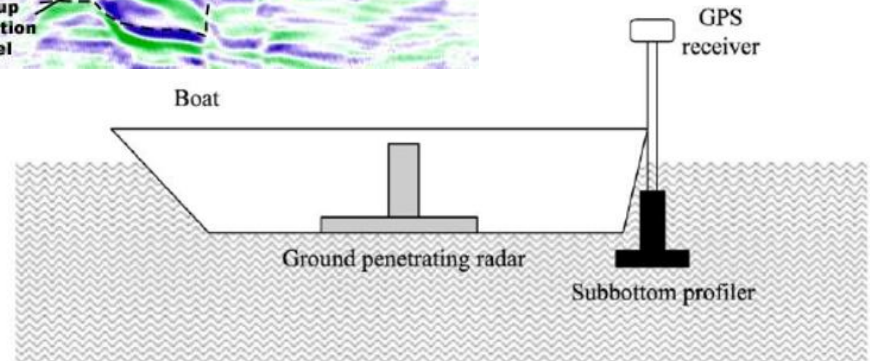
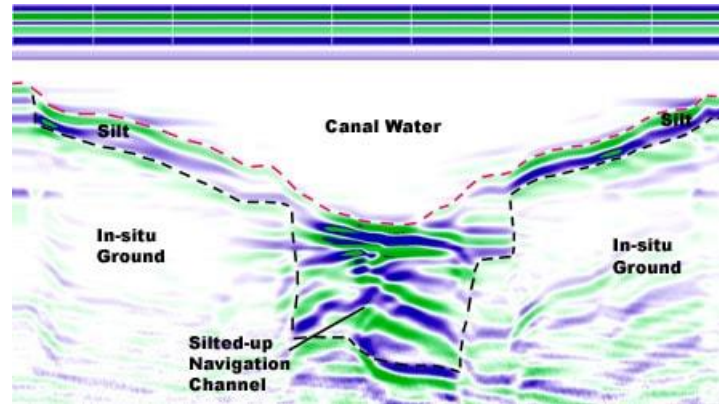
Ways to measure SCOUR

1. Traditional – Divers
2. Ground Penetrating Radar
3. Multi-Beam Echosounder and Side Scan Sonar
4. Acoustic Scanner

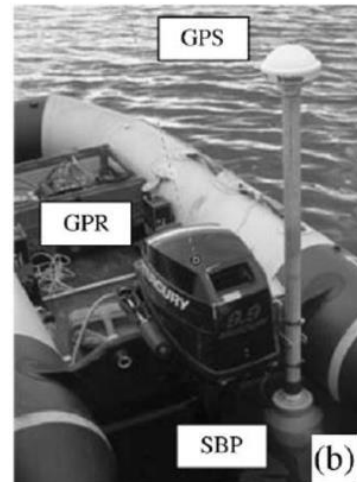
Traditional



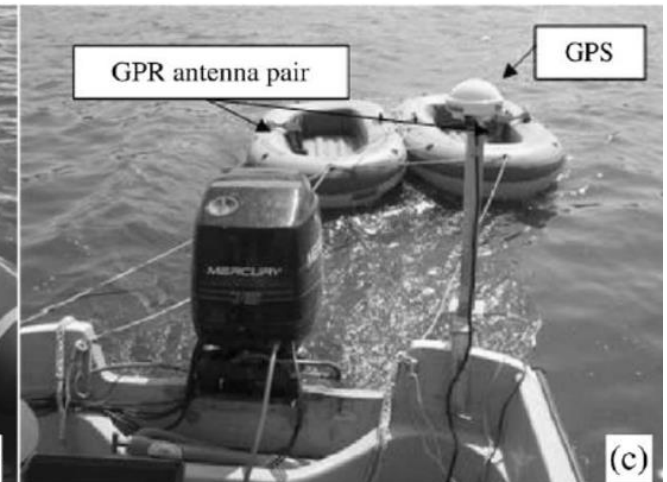
Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) on Water



(a)



(b)



(c)

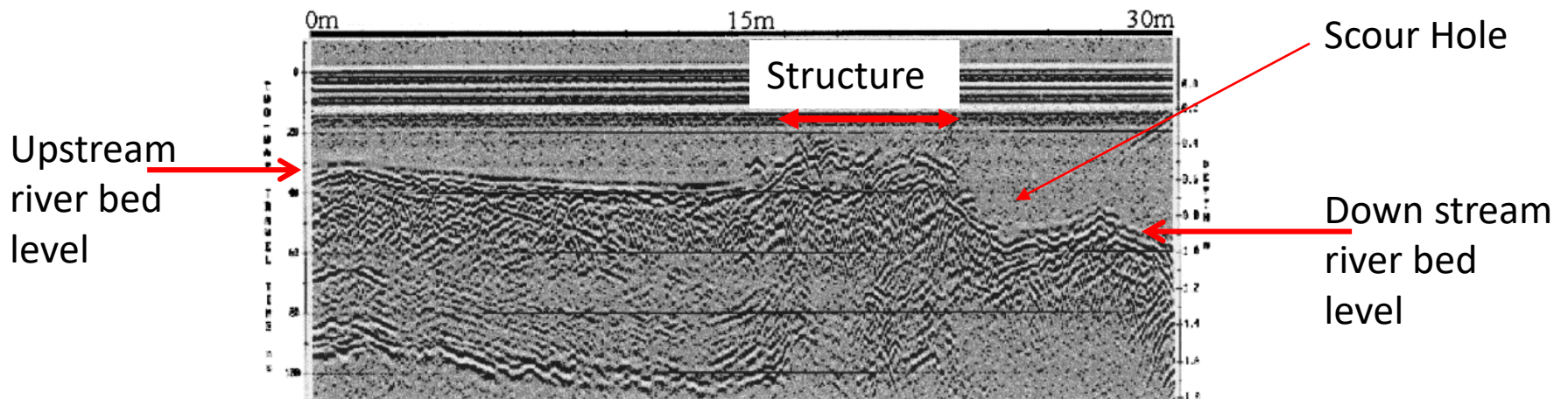
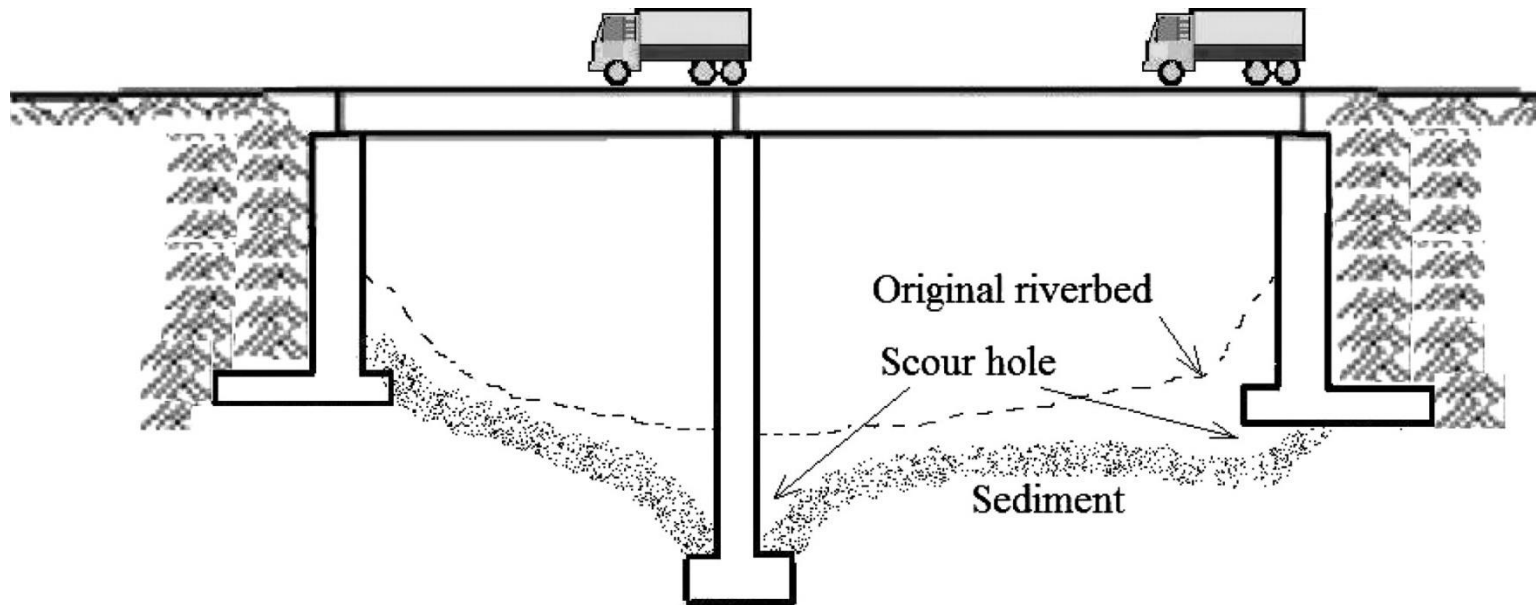
Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) and Scour



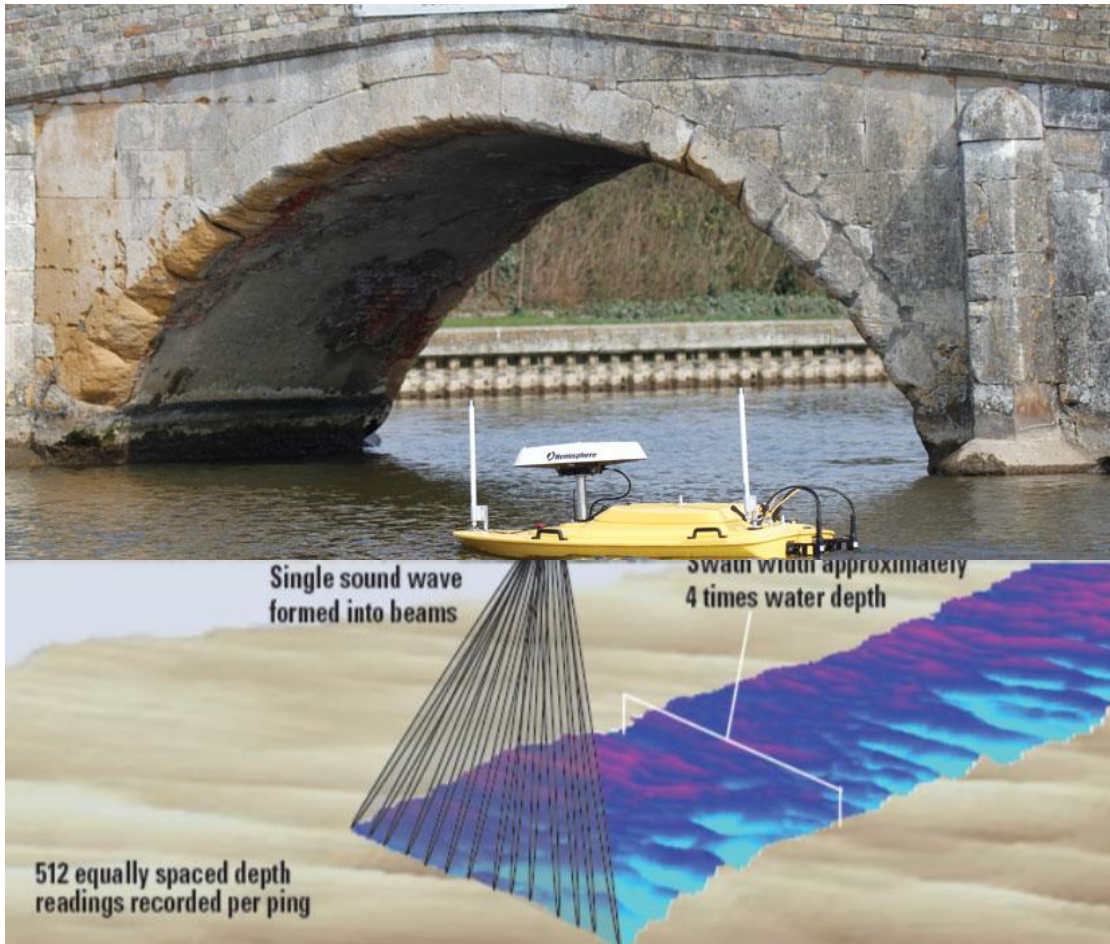
GPR Can be run along al sides of a water-borne structure

A distinctive dip
can be seen
where the
scour occurs

Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) and Scour

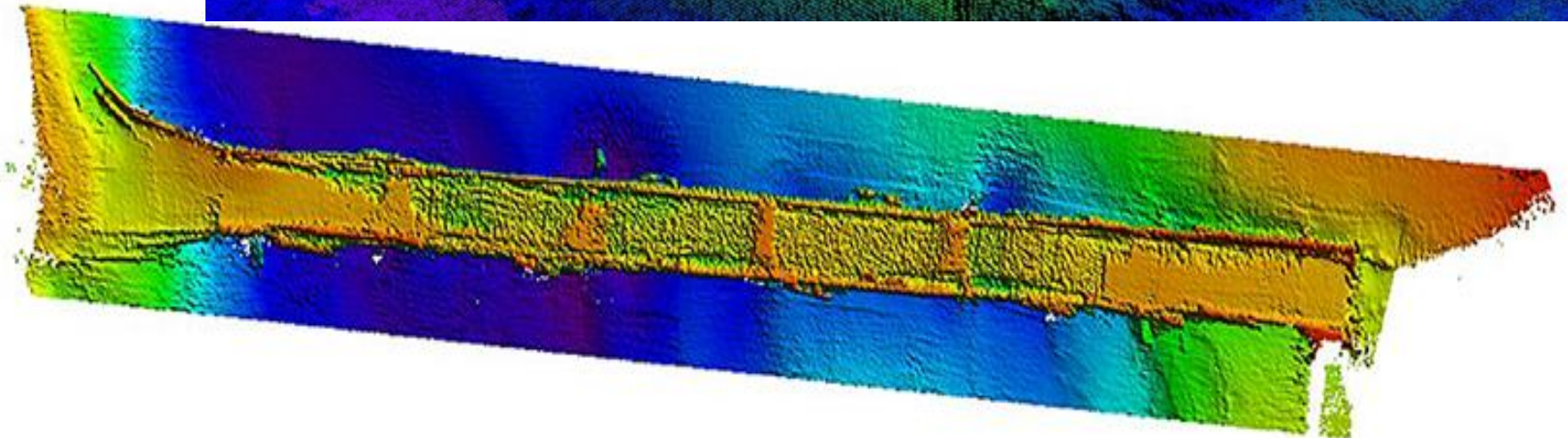
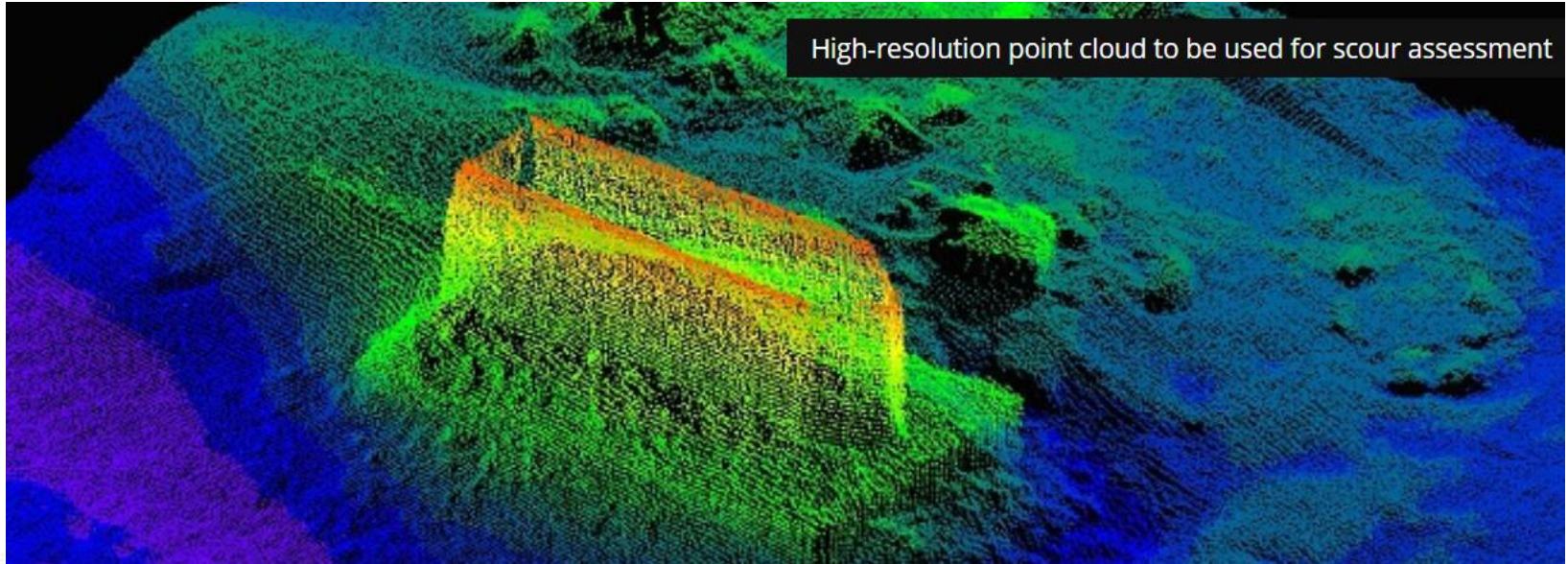


USV Surveys Using MBES (Multi-Beam Echo Sounder)



The Multi-Beam Echo Sounder beam width is typically four times the water depth. So a river of 8m depth could be surveyed with a swath foot print of 40m.

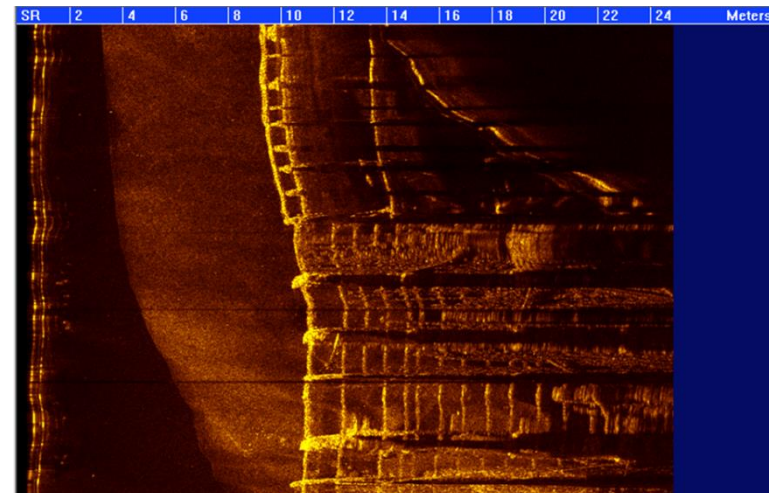
Scour and River / Canal Profiles & Cross Sections Using USV Mounted MBES (Multi-Beam Echo Sounder)



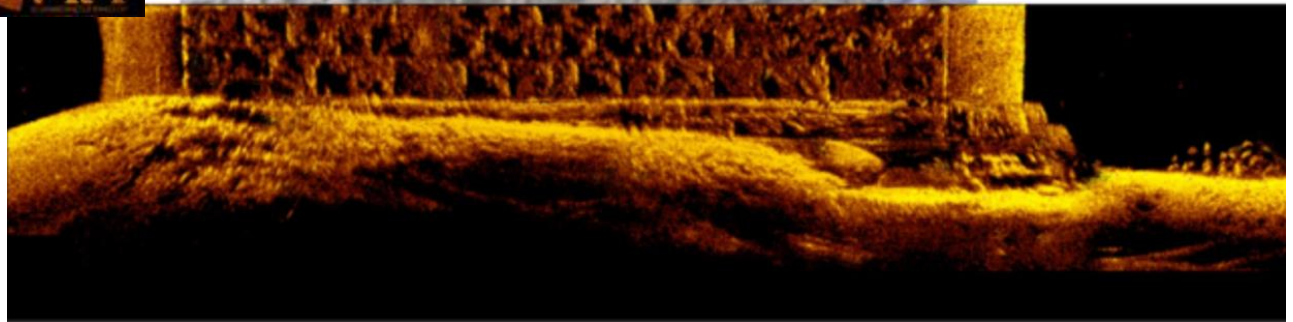
USV and SSS (Side Scan Sonar)



Can be used where it is Considered Too Dangerous for
Conventional Survey Work

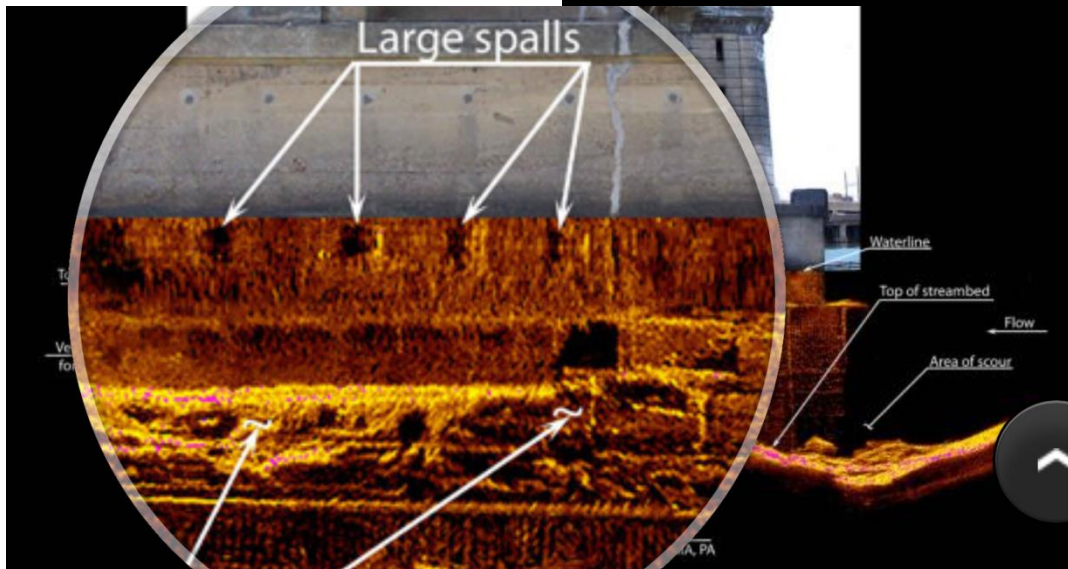
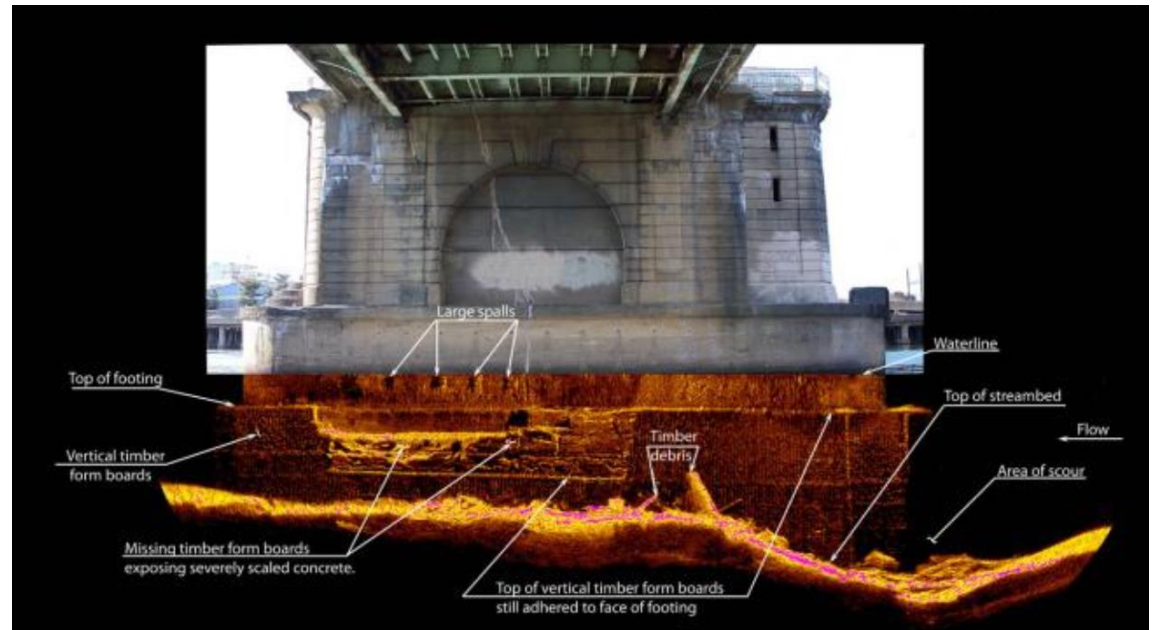


Effect of Horseshoe and Wake Vortex Using a Static Scanner



Static Scanning

Digital Data
Murky Water
No Problem



Static Scanning

River / Canal Cross Sections

